

# **Elasticities Explorer**

Built for clarity. Backed by exam boards. Plug-and-play for the real classroom.

## What the tool does

Elasticity Explorer is an interactive digital resource that helps students fully grasp four core types of economic elasticity:

- Price Elasticity of Demand (PED)
- Price Elasticity of Supply (PES)
- Income Elasticity of Demand (YED)
- Cross Elasticity of Demand (XED)

Students work through each concept in order, engaging with real-world scenarios and manipulating variables to calculate and interpret elasticity values. The tool provides instant feedback through interactive charts and adaptive responses, helping learners build confidence and fluency with elasticity—an area many students find abstract or tricky.

## **How the tool works**

#### 1. Scenario-Based Learning

Students are presented with relatable, real-world cases (e.g. a coffee shop, tech product launch, or food retailer). For each case:

- They make a prediction about how a change (e.g. in price or income) will affect demand or supply.
- They input numerical values, calculate elasticity, and evaluate the results.

#### 2. Interactive Calculations

Using sliders and real-time graphs:

- Students adjust key variables (price, income, quantity)
- · The elasticity coefficient updates live
- · Charts help visualise responsiveness and direction of change

#### 3. Progressive Learning Path

The sequence moves from PED (the most intuitive) through to XED:

- · Each new type builds on the last
- Students can't skip ahead until they show understanding
- · Results and progress are stored for each student

## 4. Adaptive Feedback

The tool responds to:

- Common errors (e.g. signs in coefficients, interpreting "elastic" vs "inelastic")
- Misunderstandings (e.g. confusing YED with PED)
- · Provides explanations and scaffolded support to keep students moving forward

## Why it works this way

Scaffolded learning structure

Starts simple and builds complexity, aligning with best practice for mixed ability groups.

## Visual-first approach

Elasticity is easier to understand when you can see it. The dynamic graphs reinforce the proportional relationship between changes in variables.

#### Active engagement, not passive recall

Students don't just memorise formulae—they predict, test, manipulate, and reflect.

## Real-world grounding

Elasticity is often taught in isolation. This tool keeps everything anchored in the kinds of decisions businesses (and consumers) actually make.

#### What it teacher

- Core economic understanding How demand or supply responds to price, income, or related goods
- Mathematical confidence Percentage change, elasticity formulae, interpreting coefficients
- Analytical thinking Cause and effect, prediction, variable relationships
- Application to business Pricing, product development, forecasting demand, market targeting



Qualification	Specification Topics	Direct Alignment
GCSE Business Studies	Influences on Business (AQA 3.2)	Competition, market behaviour, pricing decisions
GCSE Economics	Markets and Price Mechanism	Price determination, consumer behaviour, elasticity
A-Level Economics (AS & A2)	Price Determination, Business Behaviour	PED, PES, YED, XED; links to pricing, revenue, and strategy
AQA Economics	3.1.2.1 – 3.1.2.4	Full coverage of elasticity and its business applications
Edexcel Economics A	Theme 1.3.3 – 1.3.6	Elasticity types, coefficient interpretation, market impact
OCR Economics	1.1.4 – 1.1.6	Application of elasticity to market outcomes and busines

#### What aligns it

- Sliders and inputs → map directly to percentage change and elasticity coefficient calculations
- Graph updates → reinforce relationship between elasticity value and responsiveness
- Scenario prompts → mirror real exam case studies and Paper 3 applications
- Progress saving → supports revision, independent study, and retrieval over time

## What it supports

- Students who struggle to connect numbers to meaning
- Stronger interpretation in longer exam questions
- · Visual and kinaesthetic learners
- Better fluency with terminology (elastic, inelastic, unitary, etc.)
- · Confidence using elasticity in strategic business reasoning

## For teachers

This is great because it saves time on building examples and explaining the "why" behind elasticity. It gives students something they can try, test, and learn from—without you having to create endless graphs or worksheets. Use it to introduce, consolidate, or revise key concepts. Works across exam boards.

#### For careers leads

This is great because it supports strategic thinking and data interpretation—two of the most in-demand workplace skills. Elasticity is not just about economics, it's about business forecasting, marketing insight, and pricing strategy. The scenarios feel real, and that matters for careers conversations.

## For SLT

This is great because it delivers curriculum consistency, measurable impact, and deeper learning on a hard-to-teach topic. It works across GCSE and A-Level, builds numeracy and business thinking, and is classroom-ready. It reduces workload without reducing ambition.

# For headteachers

This is great because it supports performance in a core area of Economics and Business across all major boards. It boosts student engagement with maths in context, and builds future-ready thinking. Easy to scale, zero risk to staff time, and clear evidence of learning impact.